V(3rd Sm.)-Microbiology-H/SEC-A-1/CBCS

# 2021

## MICROBIOLOGY — HONOURS

### Paper : SEC-A-1

## (Microbial Quality Control in Food and Pharmaceutical Industries)

#### Full Marks : 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Question nos. 1 and 2 are compulsory and answer any four questions from the rest.

#### 1. Answer *any ten* questions :

- (a) Name two bacteria that are non-lactose fermenters.
- (b) What is endotoxin?
- (c) Write the full form of FISH.
- (d) Mention two limitations of HACCP system.
- (e) Why is Xylose incorporated into XLD agar medium?
- (f) What is a BSL-3 laboratory?
- (g) What is HEPA filter? Why is it used?
- (h) What is the purpose of using bile salts, brilliant green and sodium citrate in SS Agar?
- (i) Name the indicator used in Mannitol Salt Agar and why?
- (j) What do you mean by serotyping?
- (k) Write the main objective of COB test.
- (l) Why is MBRT called reduction test?
- (m) What is meant by biohazardous waste? Cite two examples.
- (n) What is a fibre-optic bio sensor?
- (o) What is 'aflatoxin'?
- (p) Write two limitations of EMB agar.
- 2. Write short notes on (any four) :
  - (a) Resazurin Assay of milk
  - (b) Disinfection
  - (c) LAL test
  - (d) MPN
  - (e) Principles of HACCP
  - (f) Uses of Saboraud Agar media.

**Please Turn Over** 

2×10

5×4

#### V(3rd Sm.)-Microbiology-H/SEC-A-1/CBCS (2)

- **3.** (a) How can you differentiate between the colony characteristics of coagulase positive and coagulase negative species of staphylococei with respect to Mannitol Salt Agar medium.
  - (b) Write the modification done by Levine in EMB agar formulated by Holt-Harris and Teague?
  - (c) Write two uses of MacConkey agar.
  - (d) Name two antibiotics that can be added to Saboraud Dextrose Agar to inhibit gram positive and negative bacteria.
  - (e) Differentiate between the colony characteristics of *E. coli* and *Enterobacter aerogenes* on EMB agar medium. 3+2+2+1+2
- 4. (a) What do you mean by opportunistic pathogens? Give example.
  - (b) Which type of organism will show positive reaction for VP test and why? State reaction.
  - (c) Name two factors which may contribute to outbreaks of food borne illness.
  - (d) How does osmolarity affect bacterial cells? 2+(1+1+2)+2+2
- 5. (a) Differentiate between critical control point and critical limit.
  - (b) What do you mean by O Hazard food?
  - (c) What do you mean by pre-requisite programme of HACCP? Name few measures of such programme.
  - (d) What is verification of HACCP plan?
  - (e) What is CCP decision tree? 2+2+(1+2)+2+1
- 6. (a) What do you mean by VBNC? How could you detect their presence?
  - (b) Why PCR is called a chain reaction? Name two food-borne pathogens that have been identified with PCR successfully.
  - (c) How can you identify coliform bacteria? What is the permissible limit of coliforms in drinking water according to BIS/FSSAI? (1+2)+(1+2)+(2+2)
- 7. (a) Differentiate between BSL-I and BSL-2 laboratories.
  - (b) What is Litmus lysate test for endotoxin?
  - (c) Write the full form of NACMF and ICMSF.
  - (d) Based on MBRT test comment on the gradation of milk samples. 2+3+2+3

 $2^{1/2} \times 4$ 

- 8. Distinguish between the following :
  - (a) Sterilization and Pasteurization
  - (b) Microbiostatic and Microbiocidal agents
  - (c) Radiolabelled probe and Fluorescent probe
  - (d) ISI and BIS.